

GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared to U.S. OSHA Standards in compliance with the GHS system (29 CFR 1910.1200(g), rev. 2012

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Section 1	Identification	CONCENTRATED BETAINI SOLUTION, BETAINE LIQUID SOLUTION AMIX -C, CNS (CROSS-OVER NON- SUGARS) Manufacturer's Name American Crystal Sugar Co. 101 North 3 rd Street Moorhead, MN 56560 Emergency Telephone Number: (218) 236-4400 Telephone Number for Information (218) 236-4324	Used for supplemental dietary nitrogen in livestock (not for human	
Section 2	Hazard(s) Identification	 No Hazardous Components CNS is non-hazardous under normal conditions of use, storage, and handling. CNS is not considered combustible though in a dried state the organic components may provide secondary fuel for an existing fire. 		
Section 3	Composition / Information on Ingredients	No Hazardous Components; it is a concentrated mixture of aqueous soluble material (composition may vary: betaine and other amino acids) from the processing of the sugar beet root (<i>Beta vulgaris</i>) from which virtually all the sucrose and salts have been removed. Betaine (glycine betaine; Oxyneurine; N,N,N-trimethylglycine; Carboxymethyl)trimethylammonium inner salt): 30 – 40%		
		anhydrous C ₅ H ₁₁ NO ₂ Molecular Weight: 117.15 g/mol CAS-No.: 107-43-7 EC-No.: 203-490-6	monohydrate C₅H₁₁NO₂ · H₂O Molecular Weight : 135.16 g/mol CAS-No. : 590-47-6 EC-No. : 203-490-6	
Water, 30 – 45% CAS: 7732-18-5 Miscellaneous Organ		1	other Amino Acids ~25%	

Section 4	First Aid Measures	SKIN: Redness and/or blistering of skin. If hot material gets on skin, flush affected area with cool water; seek medical attention in case of thermal burns. Sensitive skin may be irritated by continued contact with product. EYES (irritation of eyes): immediately flush with running water, holding eyelids open. Get medical help if symptoms persist.	ALLERGIC REACTIONS: It is conceivable spore-forming molds could grow under conditions required for their growth. In the event of exposure to these spores, susceptible individuals may require specialized medical attention. Non-toxic, but non-palatable; contains bittertasting organics.	
Section 5	Fire-Fighting Measures	If material has solidified, use hot water or other approved media. Normal fire dept SOP for precautions and PPE.	Thermal decomposition or burning may produce oxides of carbon and nitrogen, and ammonia.	
Section 6	Accidental Release Measures	Material is non-toxic and biodegradable. Barricade tape slippery floor spills and clean up immediately. Collect with some mechanical device; dilute and wash down with warm water. Material may be hot and is slippery. Clean-up personnel should wear proper protective equipment: goggles or face shield, thermal insulating gloves and non-slip boots.	Spilled material may be pumped into a closed tank for recovery or disposal, or return to manufacturer for reprocessing. Whatever cannot be saved for recovery may be discarded as permitted by applicable regulations.	
Section 7	Handling and Storage	Conditions to Avoid: Avoid excessively high temperatures. However, cold conditions will increase viscosity. If product temperature is kept between 80 to 120 °F (27 to 50 °C) flowability will be maintained and decomposition prevented.	up" when using steam to clean out tanks and tank cars; hot water is a	
Section 8	Exposure Controls / Personal Protection	None normally required. In case of hot material, wear goggles, and thermal-protective gloves and boots. Sensitive skin may be irritated by continued contact with product; transferring product using high temperatures may cause burns.	In cases of water being used to flush spilled material, floors and steps may become sticky. Use proper footwear when negotiating floors and steps.	

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Section	Physical and Chemical	Melting Point	N/A	Flash Point	N/A
9	Properties	Boiling Point	N/A	Flammable Limits	N/A
		Specific Gravity (H2O = 1)	1.15 – 1.19	LEL	N/A
		Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	N/A	UEL	N/A
		Vapor Pressure (mm Hg) N/A pH 7 – 9		Appearance and Odor: Dark brown- to black-colored	
		Solubility in Water: infinitely solu	uble	viscous mass, bitter taste, amine odor.	
Section 10	Stability and Reactivity	Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage. Hazardous polymerization will NOT occur. Avoid temperatures above 120 °F, pH less than 7, and incompatibles.		Avoid strong oxidizers such as nitric acid or sulfuric acid, hot acids. Thermal decomposition or burning of dried material may produce ammonia gas, carbon dioxide, and carbon	
Section	Toxicological	Non-toxic		monoxide. Product cont	
11	Information	LD50 830 mg/kg (mouse –intravenous)		ingredients currently classified as carcinogenic by NTP, IARC, ACGIH, or OSHA.	
Section 12	Ecological Information (non-manditory)	Non-toxic and biodegradable.			
Section 13	Disposal Considerations (non-manditory)	Whatever cannot be saved for recovery may be discarded as permitted by applicable regulations.			
Section 14	Transport Information (non-manditory)	Not dangerous goods.			

Section 15	Regulatory Information (non-manditory)	SARA 302 Components SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302. SARA 313 Components SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313. SARA 311/312 Hazards No SARA Hazards Massachusetts Right To Know Components No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act. Pennsylvania Right To Know Components Betaine CAS-No. 107-43-7 New Jersey Right To Know Components Betaine CAS-No.107-43-7 California Prop. 65 Components This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.
Section 16	Other Information	Slippery! Avoid excessively high temperatures. However, cold conditions will increase viscosity. If product temperature is kept between 80 – 120 °F (27 – 50 °C), flowability will be maintained and decomposition prevented. Caked-up material may "set up" when using steam to clean out tanks and tank cars; hot water is a preferred solvent for cleaning out tanks.