Glyphosate and Conventional Herbicide Tank-mixes for Weed Resistance Management:



This is not a substitute for reading the product labels

The glyphosate rates below are based on using a 4.5 lb acid equivalent/gallon product such as Roundup PowerMAX®.

* Maximize glyphosate labeled Rates: (4.5 lb a.e example Roundup Powermax®) 56 oz/A total maximum up to 8-If stage, 32 oz/A maximum single application 44 oz/A total maximum after 8-If stage, 22 oz/a maximum single application 96 oz/A total maximum per growing season, emergence through harvest

* Minimum of 10 days between glyphosate applications

* HSMOC adjuvant is required when tank-mixing glyphosate with Conventional herbicides to avoid antagonism

* Always include AMS at 1 lb/A or liquid equivalent with any glyphosate application.

Preventive Weed Resistance Management

1st Application on Cotyledon S	Sugarbeets:			
Glyphosate = 28 - 32 fl oz/A	Betamix = 8 fl oz/A OR Progress = 6 fl oz/A	Stinger = 2-3 fl oz/A	HSMOC = 1 pt/A	AMS = 1 lb/A
2nd Application 10-14 DAT:		·		
Glyphosate = 28 - 24 fl oz/A	Betamix = 8 fl oz/A OR Progress = 6 fl oz/A	Stinger = 2-4 fl oz/A	HSMOC = 1 pt/A	AMS = 1 lb/A
3rd Application 10-14 DAT:				
Glyphosate = 22 fl oz/A	Betamix = 8 oz/a OR Progress = 6 oz/a		HSMOC = 1 pt/A	AMS = 1 lb/A

Resistant Ragweed Management

1st Application on Cotyledon Sugarbeets:	Glyphosate = 28 - 32 fl oz/A	Stinger = 2 - 3 fl oz/A	AMS =1 lb/A	NIS = 0.25%v/v
2nd Application 10-14 DAT:	Glyphosate = 28 - 24 fl oz/A	Stinger = 3 - 4 fl oz/A	AMS =1 lb/A	NIS = 0.25%v/v
3rd Application 10-14 DAT:	Glyphosate = 22 fl oz/A	Stinger = 3 - 4 fl oz/A	AMS =1 lb/A	NIS = 0.25%v/v
4th Application 10-14 DAT (if needed):	Glyphosate = 22 fl oz/A	Stinger = 3 - 4 fl oz/A	AMS =1 lb/a	NIS = 0.25%v/v

Resistant Waterhemp Management								
PPI/Pre:	Nortron = 1-3 pt/A & Dual = 0.5-0.75 pt/A			OR Nortron = 6-7.5 pt/a		OR	Dual = 0.5-0.75 pt/A	
*Dual - Synge	enta requires farmers to si	gn indemnified label for PPI/Pre applic	ation					
1st Applicati	on on Cotyledon Sugarl	peets:					_	
Glyphosate =	= 28 - 32 fl oz/A	Betamix = 12 fl oz/A OR Progress	= 9 fl o	z/A	Nortron = 4 fl oz/A	HSMOC =	1 pt/A	AMS = 1 lb/A
2nd Applicat	ion 10-14 DAT - 4 If Sug	arbeet:						
Glyphosate =	= 28-24 fl oz/A	Betamix = 16 fl oz/A OR Progress	= 12 fl	oz/A	Nortron = 4 oz/A	HSMOC =	1 pt/a	AMS = 1 lb/A
		Outlook = 15 fl oz/A, OR Dual = 1	pt/A, or	Warrar	nt = 3 pt/A			
3rd Applicati	on 10-14 DAT:					-		
Glyphosate =	= 22 fl oz/A	Betamix = 22 fl oz/A OR Progress	= 16 fl	oz/A	Nortron = 4 fl oz/A	HSMOC =	1 pt/A	AMS = 1 lb/A
4th Applicati	on 10-14 DAT (if needeo	i):			•	•		
Glyphosate =	= 22 fl oz/a	Betamix = 2-3 pts/a OR Progress	= 1.5-2.	2 pts/a		HSMOC =	1 pt/A	AMS = 1 lb/a

Resistant Kochia Management

PPI/Pre:	Nortron = 6-7.5 pt/A							
1st Applicati	on on Cotyledon Kochia:							
Glyphosate =	= 28 - 32 fl oz/A	Betamiz	x = 12 fl oz/A OR Progress = 9 fl	oz/A	Nortron = 4 fl oz/A	HSMOC = 1 pt/A	AMS = 1 lb/A	
2nd Applicat	2nd Application 10-14 DAT - Cotyledon Kochia & 4 If Sugarbeet:							
Glyphosate =	= 28-24 fl oz/A	Betamiz	x = 16 fl oz/A OR Progress = 12 f	fl oz/A	Nortron = 4 fl oz/A	HSMOC = 1 pt/A	AMS = 1 lb/A	
3rd Applicati	on 10-14 DAT:							
Glyphosate =	= 22 fl oz/A	Betamiz	x = 22 fl oz/A or Progress = 16 fl	oz/A	Nortron = 4 fl oz/A	HSMOC = 1 pt/A	AMS = 1 lb/A	
4th Application 10-14 DAT (if needed):								
Glyphosate =	= 22 fl oz/a	Betamiz	x = 2-3 pts/a OR Progress = 1.5-	2.2 pts/a		HSMOC = 1 pt/A	AMS = 1 lb/a	

Product Notes:

* Stinger: Labeled on cotyledon to 8-If sugarbeets; total maximum per season = 10.7 fl oz/A; 45 day PHI

*Nortron: total maximum per season = 1 gal/A; 90 day PHI

*Betamix & Progress = 75 day PHI

*glyphosate = 30 day PHI

Generic Betamix products are:	Sugarbeet Mix	&	Phen-Des 8+8
Generic Progress Product is:	BnB Plus		

STANDARDS American Crystal Sugar Company

Note on Post Quadris Application: Quadris SHOULD NOT be tank-mixed with the Conventional Herbicides or applied right before or after a Conventional application as sugarbeet injury will occur. Optimal timing is 3 days before or 3 days after application.





Notes on Combined Glyphosate and Conventional Herbicide Applications

- 1. Timing of herbicide applications will have to be compromised as timing will be off for both glyphosate and Conventional herbicides:
 - a. Conventional herbicide is most effective on small (< 1/2" tall) weeds and should be sprayed early in the season.
 - b. Glyphosate is typically applied after the 1st flush of weeds has emerged and weeds are 1-2" tall.
 - c. Higher rates of Conventional herbicides are typically applied later in the day to avoid crop injury.
 - d. Glyphosate performs best when applied during the heat of the day to increase herbicide absorption into the plant.
- 2. They each have very different application techniques:
 - a. Betamix and other conventionals are contact herbicides; should be applied in small spray droplets at 15 20 GPA water volumes.
 - b. Glyphosate is a systemic herbicide; performs best applied in larger droplets (pile effect) and lower water volumes (5-15 GPA).
- 3. When glyphosate is applied together with conventional herbicides there can be antagonism.
 - a. Always use AMS at 1 lb/A plus NIS at 0.25% v/v to aid in absorption and reduce antagonism.
 - b. NIS is not needed when using HSMOC.
 - c. Always use a HSMOC (High Surfactant Methylated Oil Concentrate) when mixing glyphosate with Betamix or Progress and UpBeet.
 - Other types of oil cause antagonism with glyphosate.
- 4. Always use the maximum rate of glyphosate for the application (Rates based on a 4.5 lb acid equivalent per gal product, example Roundup PowerMax®)
 - a. Maximum label rate is 56 fl oz/A of glyphosate up to 8-lf stage with a maximum one time application of 32 fl oz/A
 - Structure first two applications as either 28 & 28 fl oz/A (recommended) or 32 & 24 fl oz/A
 - b. Maximum label rate is 44 fl oz/A after 8-lf stage with a maximum one time app of 22 fl oz/A
 - c. Total maximum label rate is 96 fl oz/A from sugarbeet emergence through harvest
- 5. Adjust Conventional herbicide dependent on sugarbeet and weed size

Tankmixing Order for Glyphosate and Conventional Herbicides

- 1. Fill spray tank 1/3 full with clean water (warmed water is best)
- 2. If used slurry UpBeet in warm water
- 3. Add AMS (1 lb/acre)
- 4. If used Add Slurried UpBeet to tank
- 5. If used Add Nortron
- 6. Fill 2/3 full of water
- 7. Add Betamix, Progress, or Betanex
- 8. If used Add Stinger
- 9. Add glyphosate
- 10. Fill spray tank with water and when nearly full add the HSMOC if used
- 11. Gentle agitation will result in less precipitate than strong agitation
- 12. Spray tank empty as soon as possible

