BENEFITS AND VALUE OF



YWTG Grower Meetings 2011



Outline

- Value of spent lime to soil tilth
- Effects on other rotational crops
- Application methods
- Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) policies & procedures

American Crystal Sugar's recommendation



Resistant Variety 45 g Tachigaren Susceptible Variety No Tachigaren

10 Ton Lime

Resistant Variety 45 g Tachigaren Susceptible Variety No Tachigaren



Soil Tilth

- Windels/Brantner noted limed soil screened better than non-limed soil
- Better downward percolation of water and drainage
- Raise pH of acidic soils
- May increase beneficial soil microorganisms



Soil Tilth

- Increased Ca and Mg in lime improves soil structure by causing *flocculation* of clay particles
- Soil structure is a major factor in the drainage characteristics of a soil
 - Flocculated soils drain better
 - Less restrictive to plant root growth
- Lime can increase the buffering capacity of a soil

Soil clay particles can be unattached to one another (*dispersed*) or clumped together (*flocculated*) in aggregates. Soil aggregates are cemented clusters of sand, silt, and clay particles.

Dispersed Particles

Flocculated Particles



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Walworth, J. Dept. of Soil, Water and Environ Sci. U of AZ. Pub. AZ 1414, July 2006.

Flocculation is important because water moves mostly in large pores between aggregates. Also, plant roots grow mainly between aggregates.



Walworth, J. Dept. of Soil, Water and Environ Sci. U of AZ. Pub. AZ 1414, July 2006.

In all but the sandiest soils, dispersed clays plug soil pores and impede water infiltration and soil drainage.

Walworth, J. Dept. of Soil, Water and Environ Sci. U of AZ. Pub. AZ 1414, July 2006.

Soil Test on Limed Soils

2005 Hillsboro Spent Lime Trials, Soil Collected and Analyzed in May of 2005

Lime Rate	NO ₃ -N	Olsen P	рН	EC	Ca	Mg	K	Na
Wet Tons A ⁻¹	ppm	ppm		dS M ⁻¹	ррт	ppm	ppm	ppm
0 – 3 Inch Soil Depth								
0	12.1	19.5	7.42	0.67	3357	1038	768	35.4
5	12.1	24.1	7.66	0.71	4118	1097	768	35.4
10	12.1	31.5	7.74	0.69	4643	1185	768	35.4
20	12.1	41.7	7.75	0.73	5210	1280	768	35.4
30	12.1	56.6	7.78	0.76	5332	1402	768	35.4
Effect	none	positive	OK	OK	positive	positive	none	none
10-16	(inter-		200			-0.0	Trail.	
100	A A	1.2.	-	R R	3.4	12 Bran		

VersaLime Nutrient Summary



ACSC VersaLime Average Annual Nutrient Values

crystalsugal.com	2011					
	Mhd	HIb	<u>Crk</u>	EGF	<u>Dtn</u>	
Total Nitrogen (As Received) lbs/ton	5.2	4.7	5.7	4.8	5.1	
Lime P ₂ O ₅ Content (As Received) lbs/ton	16.0	13.3	15.5	15.5	18.4	
Lime K ₂ O Content (As Received) lbs/ton	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	
Lime Sulfur Content (As Received) lbs/ton	7.0	4.8	5.0	4.4	6.3	
Moisture Content	31%	34%	31%	36%	30%	



Nutrient Value

Average Nutrient Content of Spent Lime, A. Sims, U of MN NWROC, 2005

Nutrient	Lbs/Dry Ton	\$ Value
P ₂ 0 ₅ equiv.	20.0	\$13.50
K ₂ 0 equiv.	3.5	\$1.65
Total		\$11.00

Total Nutrient Value at Recommended Application Rate of 10 Tons/Acre

Nutrient	Total Lbs	\$ Value	
P ₂ 0 ₅ equiv.	200	\$135.00	
K ₂ 0 equiv.	35	\$16.50	
Total		\$151.50	

11-52-0 @ $700 (P_2O_5) - 0.0-60 @ 573 (K_2O)$

Prices based on DTN survey of retail dealers (Feb 8th 2011)

Effects of Lime on Other Crops Dr. Larry Smith Results University of Minnesota

2005 Soybean yield, oil and protein following sugarbeet at different spent lime rates applied in 2004. Trial shows lime applications had no effect on soybean yields.

Variety	Lime Treatment (TDM/A)	Yield (bu/A)	Oil (%)	Protein (%)
Garst 0211RR	0	41.5	20.0	29.6
Chlorosis Susceptible Variety	5.0	45.4	19.5	31.4
, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	10.0	42.1	20.1	29.7
	15.0	42.6	19.5	31.1
Gold Country 923RR	0	42.9	19.8	30.5
	5.0	45.7	19.1	32.2
	10.0	43.8	19.8	30.4
	15.0	45.3	19.2	32.1

Different studies have found similar result for other crops grown in rotation with sugarbeet (wheat, canola, corn).



NDSU Canola Trials

Sugarbeet lime as a sulfur source for Canola, Langdon 2010

Fall applied 2009	Spring applied 2010	Yield	Height	Phys. Mature
		lb/a	cm	July date
80 lb el.S/a + 60 lb P/a	none	2059	113	23.3
10 ton lime material/acre	none	2030	111	22.0
60 lb P/a	7.5 lb SO4/a	2027	108	24.0
60 lb P/a	15 lb SO4/a	1966	114	21.5
none	15 lb SO4/a	1915	107	22.3
5 ton lime material/acre	none	1906	103	22.5
60 lb P/a	80 lb el.S/a	1257	111	28.0
60 lb P/a	none	1045	106	28.8
none	none	818	111	29.3
LSD 5%		420	NS	2.0
- A GARAN		LIVE C		Ches Heles
A RANGE		and a	1	A started

Yield Monitor Data



2008 Corn - Top portion had lime applied

2009 Soybeans +4 bu/acre

2010 Corn +14 bu/acre



Liming Benifits

Query 1 Layer 1 - Harvest - 1 Corn - Corn

Total area

40.81 acre

Description

Estimated Volume (Dry) Moisture Elevation

Average 177.45 bu/ac 15.67% 883.77 ft



14 bu/a X \$6.70 Corn = \$94 4 bu/a X \$14.50 Beans = \$58

Query 2Layer 1 - Harvest - 1 Corn - CornTotal area39.45 acre

Ave
163.
15.8
884.





Spreading Equipment

- Common spreader types
 - Broadcast
 - Flail
- Spreader power
 - Ground drive (tire size is important)
 - Powered drive (PTO)



Vertical Auger spreader

Twin spinning disk broadcast spreader



Loading Spent Lime

Spreading Spent Lime



Close-Up Of Limed Field



Inconsistent Spreading

LIME APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS

- Apply 7-10 wet Tons/Acre
- Apply 1 year prior to sugarbeets for best results
- Spread as evenly as possible
- Incorporate thoroughly with tillage
- Contact Ag Staff for any assistance with procedure



Policy and Procedures

- Soil test prior to application
- Lime can be stockpiled for 7 months at the field where it will be applied
- Only the amount of lime to be applied to the field may be stockpiled



Take Home Message

- No detrimental effects on rotational crops
- Increase yields of sugarbeet crops with severe Aph
- Every ton of lime applied will increase soil test P by 1 ppm
- Increase soil pH of acidic soils
- Addition of numerous micro-nutrients to soil
- Benefits of lime could last 7 years
- VersaLime is free





Thank You For Your Time

Any Questions

